

XVIII YEAR.

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By the Month, 75 Cents.]

MONDAY MORNING, JULY 19, 1897.

PRICE [On Streets and Trains 15c
At All News Agencies 15c]

AMUSEMENTS—

LOS ANGELES THEATER—
ENGAGEMENT LIMITED TO 4 NIGHTS
AND SATURDAY MATINEE, JULY 22, 23, and 24.
DANIEL FROMAN'S
JAMES K. HACKETT and MARY MANNING
presenting the latest Lyceum Theater Successes. Wednesday
Evening and Saturday Matinee: "THE PRISONER."
Friday Evening: "THE FLYING DUTCHMAN."
SUNDAY: "THE MAY."
Seats now on sale. Prices \$1.50, \$1.00, 75c, 50c.
Tel. Main 70.

ORPHEUM—
Los Angeles Society Vaudeville Theater.
Week Commencing Monday, July 19.
Unapproachable Array of Talent.
CARON AND HERBERT, Greatest Comedians in the World. ECKERT AND BERG, Operatic Stars. FREY
AND FIELD, Refined Sketch Artists. CHAS. IYDE, The Great Australian Bass. HEINDL, America's Most Popular
Cellophane GANFIELD AND CARLETT. ANDY AND FLORE MONKES.
Prices never changing. Evening reserved seats, 25c and 50c. Gallery, 10c. Regular Matinees Wednesday, Saturday
and Sunday. Telephone Main 1447.

OSTRICH FARM, SOUTH PASADENA—
PLUCKING
THE OSTRICHES
Today and Tomorrow, 9 to 12.
73 Gigantic Birds. 20 Baby Ostriches.
The Most Curious Sight in the State. All styles of Tips, Caps and Boas at producer's
Prices. Terminal Railroad and Pasadena electric cars stop at gates.

FREE ATTRACTION AT SANTA MONICA—
AT THE NORTH BEACH BATH HOUSE
The Wonderful Performance of JACK PLATT consisting of high trapeze and aerial acts
"THE CLIMAX OF THE ART."
NO ADMISSION CHARGED.

MISCELLANEOUS—

SANTA FE ROUTE ANNOUNCEMENTS—

Kite-Shaped Track Excursion,
JULY 17, 24, 31, AUGUST 2.
ROUND TRIP \$2.75. OBSERVATION CAR ON THESE DATES WILL LEAVE AT
7:15 A. M., RETURNING AT 6 P. M.
THE CELEBRATED SEVENTH REGIMENT BAND
Will Give Open Air Concerts every SATURDAY and SUNDAY During the Season at
REDONDO BEACH.
Leave Downey Avenue. 8:23 a.m. 9:23 a.m. 9:33 a.m.
Leave La Grande Station. 8:37 a.m. 9:37 a.m. 9:47 a.m.
Leave Santa Ana. 8:50 a.m. 9:50 a.m. 10:00 a.m.
Daily. Saturday and Sunday only.
Saturday and Sunday Last Train Leaves the Beach returning at 8 p.m.

SANTA CATALINA ISLAND—

3 1/2 HOURS FROM LOS ANGELES.
DAILY OPEN AIR CONCERTS BY THE
FAMOUS MARINE BAND
Grand Orchestral Concert Every Evening. Three Boats Saturday, July 24, to the
GRAND SPECTACULAR ILLUMINATION OF AVALON BAY.
Round Trip Excursion Sunday. Daily Service from San Pedro. See Southern Pacific and Terminal
Railroad time tables for steamer connection. Native celebration Avalon, September 9, 1897.
Regular Round Trip tickets from Los Angeles \$2.75.
Excursion Tickets \$2.50.
BANNING CO., 222 South Spring Street

THE LOS ANGELES TERMINAL RAILWAY—

Is the only line from Los Angeles running six trains each way daily between Los Angeles, Long
Beach and San Pedro, burning oil exclusively and absolutely free from cinders, smoke and dust. Trains
leave first street 6:00, 6:15, 9:45 a.m., 12:2, 5:15 p.m.
Chautauqua Special to Long Beach
and Terminal Island.
At 6:45 p.m. July 20, 21, 22, 23, 24. Returning, leave Terminal Island at 10 p.m., Long Beach 10:15 p.m. Take
this train to Terminal Island and enjoy a dip in the ocean by electric light. Cheaper than going to the theater. Round
trip tickets 50 cents.
The most charming spot on the Southern Coast. Most delightful music Sundays by the famous Southern Cal-
ifornia Marine Band. Best surf and still-water bathing, boating, fishing, and the most excellent fish dinners.

CARBONS EVERY PICTURE

A WORK OF ART.
Children's pictures in combination, panels and
characteristic attitudes. XX
220 1/2 South Spring St., opposite Los Angeles Theater and Hollenbeck Hotel.

GOLD REFINERS AND ASSAYERS—

Largest establishment in Southern California and 25 years' experience. Metallurgical Tests of all kinds
made, and Mines Explored. United States Mint Prices paid for gold and silver in any form.
Formerly W. M. T. SMITH & CO., 128 North Main Street, Office room 8.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVORS—

A HOTEL DEL CORONADO.
150 PER DAY.
OUTSIDE BUILDING.
Order water by Telephone.
DRINK Coronado Water.
Telephone Main 398.

FRUIT AND VEGETABLES—

LARGEST AND CHOICEST STOCK AND LOWEST PRICES.
FINE FRUIT LINES.
Buy at Headquarters.
REDONDO CARNATIONS—AND CHOICE ROSES. CUT FLOWERS AND FLORAL
Designs. E. F. COLLINS, 256 South Broadway, same
side City Hall. Tel. 109. Flowers packed for shipping.

W. E. HOWARD, MINES—

AND MINING STOCK BOUGHT AND SOLD, ALSO
handled on joint account. Mail orders solicited. Organ-
ization a specialty. Business confidential. Room 200 Currier Bldg.
INGLESIDE FLORAL COMPANY—F. EDWARD GRAY, PROPRIETOR,
140 South Spring Street.
Tel. 1072. Flowers, Floral Designs, Floral Requisites.

HOTELS—

SANTA CATALINA ISLAND—

Hotel Metropole REMODELED AND ENLARGED. GRAND BALL ROOM.
ELEGANT ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATHS.

The Villa Island

THE MOST DESIRABLE FAMILY HOTEL, which has the renowned
reputation of providing clean and comfortable accommodations, a
splendid table and FIRST-CLASS SERVICE AT LOWEST PRICES. Large parlors and dining rooms. Rooms and
verandas fronting the ocean. Special rates to families and parties.
BANNING CO., 222 South Spring Street.

GRANDEST SUMMER RESORT—

ON THE PACIFIC COAST—
BEAUTIFUL SANTA BARBARA.

THE ARRLINGTON HOTEL NEVER CLOSES

Best Appointed Family Hotel in the City. New Management.
Special Rates to Permanent Guests. Will be open all summer. Electric Cars pass the door. C. A.
FARLEY. Headquarters for Christian Endeavors.

Wilson Peak Park

OVER A MILE HIGH. FIRST-CLASS HOTEL ACCOMMODATIONS
by the day, week or month. Daily mail and telephone connections. Fare, round trip, reduced on toll road.
From Los Angeles, \$2.50. Pasadena, \$2.00. Santa Monica, \$2.00. Santa Barbara, \$2.00. Santa Paez, \$2.00. Santa Ynez, \$2.00.
Pasadena, at 6:30 a.m. For transportation, apply to L. D. LOWRY, 44 S. Raymond ave., Pasadena. Telephone
Main 56. H. Wilson, Manager, Wilson's Peak. Telephone 5-1 bells.

Grand View Hotel

CATALINA, WITH ITS NEW ADDITION. FINE LOCATION OVER-
looking the Bay, opposite Belling Ground. Every room Outside Room.
3600 feet verandas; reasonable rate, makes the Grand View very popular.
GEORGE E. WEAVER, Prop.

The California

COR. SECOND AND HILL STREETS. FINE FAMILY AND TOURIST HOTEL.
Excellent table. Special rates to Tourists—\$1.50 to \$2.00 per day. One block
from Y. M. C. A. Headquarters for Endeavors. Second street Electric Cars from depot pass the door.

Hotel Lincoln

SECOND AND HILL. FAMILY HOTEL. APPOINTMENTS PERFECT. ELECTRIC
Cars to all parts. THOS. PASCOE, Prop.

Hotel Sierra Madre

NEVER CLOSES. SANTA FE TRAINS TO SANTA ANITA STA-
tion, Sierra Madre. Free bus. F. HASKIN.

Old Trail

TO WILSON'S PEAK, VIA SIERRA MADRE. ANIMALS. \$1.00 ROUND TRIP. CHEAPEST
and best. TWYCOSS BUS LINE, Sierra Madre, Cal.

Hotel Vincent Cafe

617 SOUTH BROADWAY. CHICKEN DINNER TWENTY-FIVE
cents. 21 meals \$4.25.

Delaware

344 S. BROADWAY. ELEGANT FURNISHED ROOMS. \$6.00 UP PER MONTH, WITH
meal. Looking the Bay, opposite Belling Ground. Every room Outside Room.
one block from Y. M. C. A. 112 S. Hill Street.

The Knight

ROOMING HOUSE. LARGE, AIRY ROOMS. WELL KEPT. CLOSE IN. NO CAR FARE.
one block from Y. M. C. A. 112 S. Hill Street.

Plaza Vista

OPPOSITE CENTRAL PARK, 416 WEST SIXTH STREET. ROOMS WITH FIRST-
class Board, Bath and Phone.

RECIPROCITY.

Views of Pan-American Representatives.

One of the Most Difficult of the Tariff Problems.

Hitchings of Brazil Insists We Need Free Trade.

Forecast for Senate and House—The Tariff Bill Will Probably be Passed Before the Week is Out. Final Consultations Being Had.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]
PHILADELPHIA, July 18.—The commercial representatives of Mexico, Central and South America, who last night returned from their forty-days' tour of the industrial centers of the country, assembled at the Philadelphia Commercial Museum and held a symposium on the subject of reciprocity. The meeting was of a parliamentary nature and a number of speeches were made, several of the delegates expressing decided views on the tariff question. A general discussion of the subject followed.
Dr. Gustavo Neiderlin, scientific director of the museum, presided. By way of introduction he said: "The United States Congress is now passing the Tariff Bill, and in the amendments a special power is given to the President to lower the tariff quotations 20 per cent. for each article which can be included in the treaties of reciprocity. The question of reciprocity is the most difficult in the world's economy, and our institutions have been established with the aim to come nearly to the solution of this great problem."
The most pronounced free-trader of the party, Arthur S. Hitchings of Rio de Janeiro, said:
"I beg first to pay my sincere thanks for the extreme kindness which, and the other delegates have met with in all the cities we have visited in this country. We have been received in your chambers of commerce, your universities, your clubs and your homes and on every occasion we have been struck with the wonderful advancement which every branch has shown us."
"Reciprocity, if it were as easy between countries as between individuals, would undoubtedly be a just definition of fair and friendly trade, but circumstances often, almost always, create difficulties which prevented a practical realization of the ideal. That friendly countries should be inclined to make it a system is natural, but I do not think it can exist without free trade, and I would be wrong in holding out prospects which would indicate any treaty by which Brazil would bind itself to favor the country more than others."
"I believe that the exceptional advantages which Canada is giving Great Britain are legislative blunders, and time will prove it. They are opposed to the broad and liberal laws which secured to England her extensive foreign trade. With this view I cannot believe that their reciprocity (for such it is) will last. It is a policy which is more difficult to have exceptional laws favoring the many nations on the American continent. The interchanges of these are of the like kind, and their products or manufactures find an outlet and consumption within their respective or united boundaries. European countries, which are like us, which both by North and South America, and it would be inconceivable to propose any legislation that would exclude existing equality whereby the nations reach alike. Such legislation would interfere with production, for it would lead to surplus stock, and exact quantities for barter would be required. The steady increase of progress, which only greater and greater intercourse with the whole world can foster and regulate."
"I have heard much of the Monroe doctrine, but surely such ideas cannot apply to trade. Let us, gentlemen, forego all petty notions and are not based on sound reasoning, and let us circumscribe our desires within a possible scope. We have seen on our tour that the United States produces machinery and manufactures which we import at present from other countries, and we have noticed that these States also import many things similar to what we buy in Europe. I must say, however, that the majority of your manufactures, although in most ways fitted for our markets, are too high-priced, and there will be a reduction in the general scale of prices."
"You have to appreciate your dollars, which have hitherto been undervalued, and you must make their purchasing power greater, so that cheaper living will follow and more contentment. But with progressive duties and inflated currency such results cannot be attained, and it was my pleasure in the intercourse with your countrymen to find that the majority agreed in the belief that protection has captured its good work; that its permanence will be effectively pernicious, and that your currency requires without delay to be placed beyond the reach of politics or the manipulation of silver trusts."
"We have seen how your factories employ most advanced machinery, but these machines are exported, copied and in some cases improved on; others are thereby enabled to compete with you by using your own inventions, by reduced price of labor and by the use of raw material. Competition is wholesome, for it corrects over-production, but you require to produce more for employment for the skilled workmen, and you must and markets wherein to dispose of your goods, and all this necessitates an altered system."
"You are favored with home-raised quantities of much of the raw material used. Your machinery is most effective, but do not expect too much of it. Your workmen are very skilled, but do not underestimate the foreigner and to all your advantages add what free trade can alone secure—a permanent and engrossing international commerce which will insure the future of every workman in the wonderful country. This is what I understand by reciprocity, and my most earnest wish is that in such a wonderful country you will find a lesson and an incentive to do likewise."

Mr. Hitchings' views were for the

WHAT NEXT?



Uncle Sam: "Well I'll be dad-burned. I wonder what those pesky little shrimps will be doing next."

BRADBURY IS HAPPY.

THE RECONCILIATION WITH HIS WIFE IS COMPLETE.

Mrs. Bradbury Adds That She is Glad They Will Go to New York and Possibly Visit the Fashionable Watering Resorts—Europe Later.

[BY THE TIMES' SPECIAL WIRE.]
CHICAGO, July 18.—(Special Dispatch.) The reconciliation between John Bradbury and his wife is complete. Last night Mrs. Bradbury again entrusted her daughter to the care of the young California millionaire, and the couple are apparently as happy as a bride and groom. It was nearly daylight before they retired, and while discussing matters and arranging for the future they sat hand in hand with a look of contentment on their faces.

Today Bradbury consented to talk for the first time since his arrival in Chicago, further than to threaten to punch the heads of a couple of insistent reporters who tried to force him to state his plans. His worry is now a thing of the past, and he looks forward to the future with anticipations of joy.

"All is settled," said he, "although

there is not much to say about it. Before my wife and her mother arrived I was as much at sea as a total stranger. So was Mrs. Bradbury. But we have talked our affairs over and come to an understanding in a surprisingly short time.

"Yes, our conference did last until a late hour, but there was much to be discussed. Our reconciliation is complete. I am again happy; so is Mrs. Bradbury, and so is Mrs. Banning. Of course the past is to be regretted, especially the notoriety given us by the newspapers, but we will try to forget it. We are both young yet, and have a long life before us. We have agreed to forget the past and forget the cause of our estrangement.

"As to our plans, they are not wholly settled as yet. We will go to New York, where we may remain some time. It's possible we will go to Newport and some of the other eastern resorts. At any rate we expect to stop in and about New York for a few weeks, at least. I have a host of friends in New York City, so we will not lack for entertainment. Later we may get to Europe.

"The story that my mother has gone to Europe is not true. She is now going to the Coast through the Rockies via the Canadian Pacific Railway. I don't quite know when I shall go to California, so we will not lack for entertainment. Later we may get to Europe.

"Mrs. Bradbury smiled and said: 'I'm happy and glad.'
Bradbury and his wife left for New York tonight on the Lake Shore Limited.

Points of the News in Today's Times.

The City—Pages 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10.

Entries in tennis tournament for the Championship of Southern California. Standard Oil Company after the scalps of the Puente refineries. Christian Endeavor services at Simpson Tabernacle. Overflow meeting at Immanuel Church. Dr. Clark tells of the growth of the organization. A dangerous negro arrested. Suicide of Gustave Lawrence.

Southern California—Pages 9.

Cowboys try to burn one of their own comrades. Santa Ana library trustees called on to resign. Excursions to seaside resorts. Marshal Maxey of Redondo takes the law into his own hands. Apricot canning closed at Colton. Increased acreage of navel oranges. Hunting goats and silver foxes at Catalina. Knights of Pythias at Santa Monica. Ventura High School contractor wants pay for extras. Riversides outplay San Diego at ball.

Pacific Coast—Page 2.

Fires ravaging fields, forests and mountains in Northern California. Baseball at Santa Rosa, Fresno, San Bernardino and Sacramento. Grand encampment of Arizona Odd Fellows closes its session. A man drowned in San Francisco Bay. Former naval cadet making his pile in Klondike gold fields. Book-keeper Edward Donahue wounded by a woman's hat-pin. Opposition to Jewish colonization at San Francisco. Grape-growers and wine-growers of Livermore form a combination. Lloyd Ashby drowned in Russian River. A laborer scared to death by his own hallucinations. Camp Shafter visited by many people. One hundred men leave Seattle for Klondike gold fields. Two boys drowned near Sacramento. Chautauquans.

General Eastern—Pages 1, 2.

Pan-American delegates discuss reciprocity. Forecast for the week in Congress. The Tariff Bill will probably become a law. William A. Bellwood of New York arrested on a charge of swindling a jewelry firm. Trade with Hawaii steadily increasing. Sixty million bushels of wheat in Kansas. Choctaws and Chickasaws to form a colony in Mexico. Elaborate features of the Logan day celebration at Chicago. Two great religious meetings at Pueblo. Miners to march on the mines at Canonburg. The strike situation summarized by President Blatchford. Bradbury talks of his reconciliation with his wife. Two men held for robbery of a Brooklyn lawyer. Perry Belmont on the money question in Europe. Daly sells four of his horses.

By Cable—Pages 1, 2.

Violent earthquake on the island of Stromboli. New frontier scheme of the Turkish ministry unacceptable to the powers. The senior partner of the firm of Baring Bros. dead. Satisfactory rainfall throughout the north-west province of India. Prince Henry of Orleans declines the challenge of an Italian officer. Police defied at Dunoon, Scotland. Japan may arbitrate with Hawaii.

At Large—Pages 1, 2.

Dispatches were also received from Cincinnati, Louisville, Huntington, W. Va., Martin's Ferry, O., Chicago and other places.

Weather Forecast.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 18.—For Southern California: Fair Monday; warmer Monday night; fresh westerly winds.

ISLAND TRADE

Business with Hawaii is Steadily Growing.

Increase of Over Two Million Dollars Last Year.

Nearly All Shipments Are Made to This Country.

Our Imports Are Largely Rice and Sugar and Our Exports Bread- stuffs, Cotton Goods, Fertilizers, Machinery, Lumber, Tobacco, Wire and Chemicals.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]
WASHINGTON, July 18.—Hawaiian commerce during the last ten years is the subject of a circular just issued by the Department of Agriculture. The paper was prepared by F. H. Hitchcock, chief of the Division of Foreign Markets, under the direction of Secretary Wilson. The facts set forth bear directly upon the current question of the annexation of the Hawaiian Islands to the United States, and are as follows:
The comparison of statistics shows that the United States controls 90 per cent. of the entire trade of the islands. The total value of exports of Hawaii for 1896 was \$21,578,789, of which about two-thirds, \$15,515,230, was the value of goods exported. The average of exports of the ten years, 1887-1897, was \$11,052,141, and of imports, \$5,422,459, leaving an average balance of \$5,622,681 in favor of exports.

Of this traffic 91.20 per cent. was with the United States during the first five years of the decade, and in the second five years the lead of this country over other countries was increased to 91.22 per cent. Another impression of the situation may be gained from the statement that our trade with the islands in 1896, according to Hawaiian statistics, reached \$20,924,098, the largest amount ever recorded, while the highest figures previously was for 1890, when a total of \$18,332,481 was reported.

The United States, however, does not yet hold so high a position in furnishing goods for Hawaii as in the taking of the products of the islands. Of the average of the exports for the ten years, nearly \$11,000,000 a year, the United States has bought practically all. Only one-half of 1 per cent. has been sold to other countries. Of the goods purchased by Hawaii, on the other hand, the United States furnishes only about three-fourths.

However, it is chiefly in our sales to the island that the trade is growing. The annual average of these sales for the five years, 1887-1891, was \$4,496,312, but for 1891-1896 it was \$4,496,312, while the exports to Hawaii for the last year amounted to \$5,364,208, nearly a million dollars more than for any previous year.

The goods coming from Hawaii to the United States are mainly agricultural products, while the shipments in the other direction, except breadstuffs, are chiefly manufactures. Our imports of sugar make the largest item in the trade, while our imports of rice come next. Next in order are our exports of breadstuffs, cotton goods, fertilizers, machinery, lumber, tobacco, wire and chemicals. It is noticeable that shipments of American livestock, meats, apples and corn, amount to very little.

Prior to 1876, when the first reciprocity treaty was made between Hawaii and the United States, their total commerce average was only \$1,500,000. Since that date a comparative growth has brought the total to more than five times that amount.

Figures are furnished for the first ten months of the fiscal year, 1897, as compared with the same period of 1896. They show large increases in the import items of trade. The other countries whose trade with Hawaii appears to be growing are China and Japan and Canada.

THAT ALLIANCE.

CITY OF MEXICO, July 18.—The Spanish colony affects to believe that the alliance between Japan and Spain will hold the United States in check as regards Hawaii.

JAPAN MAY ARBITRATE.

YOKOHAMA, July 18.—The official press states that it is probable that the Japanese government will agree to the proposal of Hawaii and submit the dispute between the two countries to arbitration.

LOGAN DAY.

Features of the Celebration to be Held at Chicago.
[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]
CHICAGO, July 18.—One of the most elaborate features of Logan day will be the magnificent pyrotechnic display and reception at the Coliseum Gardens and Coliseum proper in the evening following the unveiling of the great statue of Gen. Logan on the lake front.

Chairman Harper of the Committee of Arrangements, has sent invitations to Gov. Tanner of Illinois and Gen. Brooke, U.S.A., commanding in Chicago, asking them to cooperate in making the Coliseum portion of the exercise a fitting close to the great day, and it has been arranged for a grand public reception, following the fireworks display, where the hundreds and thousands of old soldiers will be given an opportunity to pay their respects to President McKinley. If he can come, Mrs. Logan and other members of the distinguished party of guests.

According to the statements made by the representative of Pain, the famous pyrotechnicist, the fireworks display will be the most gorgeous attempted since the magnificent exhibition of Chicago day at the World's Fair.

Rainfall in India.

SIMLA (India), July 18.—There has been a satisfactory rainfall throughout the northwest province, and the authorities intend to reduce considerably the extent of the relief work.

Earthquake in Stromboli.

ROME, July 18.—A violent earthquake occurred in the island of Stromboli, one of the Lipari group, off the north coast of Sicily, Sunday.

THE TIMES

Weekly Circulation Statement.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, SS.

Personally appeared before me, Harry Chandler, superior court of the county of Los Angeles, the undersigned, who being duly sworn, deposes and says that the following are the circulation figures for each day of the week ending July 17, 1907, were as follows:

Sunday	17,387
Monday	17,387
Tuesday	17,387
Wednesday	17,387
Thursday	17,387
Friday	17,387
Saturday	17,387

Total for the week..... 125,000
(Signed) HARRY CHANDLER,
Notary Public and for the County of Los Angeles, State of California.

NOTE.—THE TIMES is a seven-day paper. The above aggregate, viz., 125,000 copies, is by no means the total circulation of the paper, but is the circulation of the paper on the basis of a six-day evening paper, give a daily average circulation for each week-day of 22,515 copies.

THE TIMES is the only Los Angeles paper which has regularly published sworn statements of its circulation, both gross and net, weekly, monthly and yearly during the past several years. Advertisers have the right to know the NET CIRCULATION of the medium which seeks their business, and this THE TIMES gives them correctly, from time to time.

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

Liners.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

TO CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.—Proposals for building a modern residence in the California style, to be completed by the undersigned during the month of August. Offers may be preferred. Include in also, a plan of the house, 120x240 feet, in a first-class residence quarter. Owner wishes to turn in, as part payment, a good income paying property, property, balance in money. Call on John P. Krenpel, architect, Phillips Block, for plans and specifications.

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE SHAREHOLDERS of the Metropolitan Loan Association will be held at the California Hotel, 207 E. Second st., on Tuesday, July 20, 1907, at 8 p.m., for the purpose of electing four directors to serve for two years and the transaction of such other business as may come before them. ISAAC NORRION, Secretary.

GRANITE! GRANITE! GRANITE! NOTICE is hereby given to all purchasers of stone taken from the property known as the Shearer or Granite Point, situated in sec. 29, T. 6 N., R. 4 W., S.B.M., bet. Victor and Los Angeles rivers. The same will be held responsible for royalty on same. R. H. ATWOOD, Halleck, July 17, 1907, 2d.

TYPEWRITERS.—THE NEW MODEL REMINGTON, No. 4, and the latest and most practical improvements; ask for particulars; typewriters rented and repaired; full line of typewriter supplies for all machines; stenographers furnished. VYUKOFF, SEAMANS & BENEDICT, 211 W. Broadway, Los Angeles. Tel. main 715.

A. H. POTTER, FORMERLY OF 358 S. Spring st., and Jno. R. Snow formerly of Riverside, Cal., have the latest and best commercial real estate and commercial real estate, 222 N. Main st. 19

THE VAN AND STORING CO. DO THE packing, moving, storing and shipping of household goods and furniture. Offices removed to 408 S. SPRING ST. Office Tel. main 1140; Res. Tel. black 1221.

HYPNOTISM TAUGHT TO PHYSICIANS, dentists, teachers, parents and students; diseases treated. HYPNOTIC INSTITUTE, 423 1/2 S. Spring.

GOING AWAY? STORER H. H. GODDARD at the safest place and lowest prices. Warehouse, 801 E. First. Tel. main 340. W.

SPECIAL SALE—NO CHARGE FOR BORDERS with 5 and 7 1/2 gal. paper. WALTER, 218 W. Sixth st.

ROBERT SHARP & CO., UNDERTAKERS, 536 S. Spring. Tel. m. 1029. Open all hours.

SCREEN DOORS, 81 CARPENTER WORK, ADAMS MFG. CO., 742 S. Main. Tel. m. 906.

T. L. CHAPIN, REAL ESTATE, NOTARY public, 125 S. Broadway, L. A. Tel. m. 1245.

WANTED.—Help, Male.

HUMMEL BROS. & CO., EMPLOYMENT AGENTS.

A strictly first-class, reliable agency. All kinds of help promptly furnished. Your orders solicited.

300-302 W. Second st., basement. Phone 695. Telephone 695.

(Office open from 7 a.m. to 7:30 p.m., except Sunday.)

Help! Help! Help! Yes, if you want work come to our office this morning. We have a large list of splendid offers at good wages. The demand for help is increasing daily at our office, so do not delay, but come at once. Our office is the best center where you can find the best of all work. If you seek help or want work we will help you.

HUMMEL BROS. & CO.

WANTED—ENGINEER TO TAKE A GOOD position in charge of a steam and electric plant, including dynamo and two elevators. Must be skillful, experienced, sober, steady, alert and reliable, and produce satisfactory testimony from previous employers. Work part day and part night. No second-rate men need apply. Booth & Sons, Baker Block.

WANTED—SALESMEN, CALIFORNIA products, daily use; direct from long-established factory to consumer; \$100 monthly made at home; exclusive territory; very permanent position. MANAGER, 1155 Mission st., San Francisco.

WANTED—SEVERAL YOUNG MEN of gentlemanly appearance, who would make a trip to Kansas City; security required. Apply to FRED HARVEY'S TRAVEL SERVICE, 47 & S. P. Depot.

WANTED—A PRACTICAL MINER, with \$250, wants a man to put in \$250 as a stake, for Alaska gold fields for a third interest. Call 715 SOUTH OLIVE ST.

WANTED—SALESMAN TO SELL PETTITED, grocers' coupon books and specialties to merchants; side-line; ready selling; good pay. Agent Mfg. Co., South Bend, Ind.

WANTED—AGENTS FOR INDUSTRIAL INSURANCE; salary and commission; experience not necessary. Apply to J. H. DUNN, 100 E. 1st st., San Francisco.

WANTED—CHINESE HELP, ALL KINDS, furnished promptly, free of charge. GEO. LEM, 204 E. First st. Tel. green 402.

WANTED—SOLICITOR BY SAN PEDRO Firm Co. Call Monday afternoon between 9 and 10 at 207 W. FOURTH ST.

WANTED—ACTIVE, RELIABLE BOYS TO distribute advertising material. Call at 227 E. 20TH ST.

WANTED—2 MEN OF GOOD ADDRESS, 9 a.m. Monday, 215 S. BROADWAY.

WANTED.—Help, Female.

WANTED—SALESMAN, DELIVERMEN, busman, druggist, porter, collector, hotel man, policeman, engineer, rancher, private place; elevator man, instructor, miller, housekeeper, man and wife; cook; stewardess, housewife, pauper girl; nurse; EDWARD NITTINGER, 1907 S. Spring.

WANTED—LADY OF NEAT APPEARANCE, salary \$1 per day. Address CLARA M. SMITH, Van Nuys Hotel, city 20.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS BIRTH-POLY-laher. Call 1012 S. MAIN ST. early Monday morning.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework; must be good cook, 917 GRAND AVE.

WANTED—16 LADIES TAKE HOME PIECE work, instructions R. 415 S. MAIN. Room 10.

WANTED

Help, Male and Female.

WANTED—STENOGRAPHERS, WE HAVE excellent facilities for furnishing competent stenographers; prompt attention to every call; we make no charge for this service. WYKOFF, SEAMANS & BENEDICT, 211 W. Broadway, Los Angeles. Tel. main 715.

WANTED

Situations, Male.

WANTED—BY COMPETENT BOOKKEEPER, situation as bookkeeper, clerk, salesman or porter; local reference. Address O. box 28, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—POSITION BY JAPANESE party for fruit ranch and other domestic work. SAKURADA, 638 New High st., Los Angeles, Cal.

WANTED—ALL-ROUND RANCH HAND wants work on ranch, good milker and teamster. Address R. box 13, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—SITUATION, MEN'S FURNISHING goods; 11 years' experience; understands bookkeeping. Box 52, REDLANDS, Cal.

WANTED

Situations, Female.

WANTED—POSITION BY SOLICITING, collecting as saleswoman; any outside work a business woman can do; Address R. box 29, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG LADY, POSITION with refined family at the seashore as companion to invalid lady; light work, no salary; good city reference. Address 508 DARWIN AVE., East Los Angeles.

WANTED—BY 2 GERMAN GIRLS, GOOD cook for general housework; one to assist with light housework. 838 SAN JULIAN ST.

WANTED—THE PUBLIC TO KNOW I have general housework girls, cook. Phone west 91. 523 W. WASHINGTON.

WANTED—BY GERMAN WOMAN TO DO all kind housework by the day. Address P. box 14, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—BY AN EASTERN GIRL, GOOD cook, position to do general housework. Address 1414 E. EIGHTH.

WANTED—POSITION AS COOK IN PRIVATE family. Address 410 WEST SECOND.

WANTED—SITUATION BY COLORED WOMAN for a couple of months for private family. Address 405 JACKSON.

WANTED—POSITION BY FIRST-CLASS butler, cook, in private family. 257 E. 11TH.

WANTED—BY A GERMAN GIRL, A PLACE in private family. Address 717 E. 17TH.

WANTED

To Rent.

WANTED—TO RENT FURNISHED HOUSE in Southern part of city, in or near Harbor tract preferred; not less than 9 rooms, will want only for summer months; small furniture. Address P. box 14, TIMES OFFICE.

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FOR SALE

Houses.

FOR SALE—\$7000, IN THE BONNIE BRAE tract, a lovely home, 9 rooms, besides 2 nice bathrooms and reception hall, large parlors, which open into reception hall and dining room; nice 2-story barn, attractive neighborhood; the best home such as is not often put on the market, but the owner is going to move to Monterey for health, and will make a strong effort to dispose of this place at once, and invites the inspection of any one wishing to purchase a real first-class home. Call 523 S. ALVARADO from 10 to 12 o'clock.

FOR SALE—\$1400, FOR SALE BY PAR the nicest and best-located house in all the Bonnie Brae tract, close to Ninth st.; owner is going to move to Monterey for health, and will make a strong effort to dispose of this place at once, and invites the inspection of any one wishing to purchase a real first-class home. Call 523 S. ALVARADO from 10 to 12 o'clock.

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The Times-Mirror Company, Los Angeles Times, Daily, Sunday, Weekly

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Office: Times Building, First and Broadway.
Counting Room, first floor (telephone 29). Subscription Department, basement (telephone 27). Editorial Rooms, second and third floors (telephone 674).
PRINCIPAL EASTERN AGENT: E. KATZ, 210 TEMPLE COURT BUILDING, NEW YORK.

Founded Dec. 4, 1881.

Sixteenth Year.

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Sworn Circulation:
Daily Net Average for 1895 15,111
Daily Net Average for 1896 18,091
Daily Net Average for 5 months of 1897 19,039
Sunday Average for 5 months of 1897 23,638
(Not including 27,600 copies of the Extra Number over and above the regular issue.)
OVER HALF A MILLION COPIES A MONTH.

Entered at the Los Angeles Postoffice for transmission as second-class mail matter.

AMUSEMENTS TONIGHT.

ORPHEUM—Vaudeville.

SPECIAL MINING NUMBER.

At an early date *The Times* will publish an elaborate, carefully prepared and informing issue devoted to exploring the rich mining fields lying in the great Southwest, in almost every direction from the city of Los Angeles, which is the natural commercial metropolis and mineral center of this vast region. The forthcoming Mining Edition will contain a volume of valuable and timely information about the yielding and paying mines, as well as about the more promising of the prospects in various mineral localities. The aim will be to give correct and reliable information in every case, with a view to promoting the mining industry as a legitimate pursuit. Further information about this timely publication may be obtained at the office, together with terms of advertising and prices of the paper in bulk.

SOUTHERN LYNCHINGS.

William Simms, of No. 507 1/2 South Spring street, writes to *The Times* a long letter, in which he seeks to justify the popular pastime of lynching negroes in the South, and to show that the Republican party and the American people were guilty of "a great crime" in liberating the southern slaves. In the course of his rather frantic epistle, G. William Simms, observes:

"You know well, Mr. Editor, you could not in the United States find a negro man to whose power you could confidently trust your daughter. This is a fearful arraignment of a race, but before God I believe it is just. Now, you and others raise an indignant cry against lynchings, when your terrible attendant cruelties, when you know you would without remorse take the life of the brute, white or black, who assaulted your wife, daughter or sister, and you fail to see that these lynchings are intended to frighten others of the same bent which means all other negroes in the community who are suspected of a like brutal impulse—an impulse which facts more repeated and horrible have stamped on their race, until the fear of this denigrating of the South of its dwellers in the country where no white woman or child is believed to be safe from their brutal and uncontrollable lust and murderous animal instincts. Language fails me to express my indignation when I read your constant denunciation of the avengers when I see no word of wonder or horror at the common growing crime among the liberated and educated young brutes whose liberty cost millions of lives and billions of treasure."

The principal trouble with G. William Simms' "fearful arraignment" of the negro race is that what he says is not true. It is obviously unjust to accuse a whole race of criminal intent because of the crimes of a few comparatively. While the crime to which he refers is deplorable common in the South, it is not so common as he supposes. There are many cases where innocent negroes are lynched. Numerous cases of the kind have come to light from time to time, and doubtless there are many more such cases in which the real facts have never been and never will be revealed. Where lynch law is permitted to supersede statutory law, justice cannot prevail. In the court of Judge Lynch, evidence goes for naught, and the brutal impulse of murder is supreme.

The would-be critic of *The Times* is wrong in saying that this journal has "no word of wonder or horror" because of the crimes against women which are committed in the South and elsewhere. He cannot have been a close reader of these columns, or he would not have made an assertion so at variance with the truth. *The Times* believes, and has often said, that such crimes should receive the severest punishment. The death penalty is none too severe for aggravated offenses of this kind; and if every State of the Union would make the crime of rape punishable by death—not discriminating on account of color—and enforce that punishment promptly and certainly where guilt was fairly proven, the moral sentiment of the American people would approve the law and sustain its enforcement.

But mob law cannot and must not be tolerated. It is opposed to justice, to wise government, and to the rights of man. It is not only demoralizing, but it begets irreverence for statutory law, and this is the beginning of anarchy.

The plea that the lynching of negroes is "designed" to frighten others of the same bent, is specious; and G. William Simms defeats his own argument when he declares that the crime of which he speaks is increasing, not-

withstanding the industrious efforts of lynchers to frighten it out of existence. Is it not barely possible that these brutal lynchings tend rather to increase than to diminish the crime, by familiarizing the negro with scenes of violence, and exciting in his breast a fierce desire for retaliation?

And speaking of "depopulating the South," has it never occurred to G. William Simms that among the most potent influences that have retarded the prosperity of that section is the prevalence of the mob spirit which results in frequent lynchings, rather than the prevalence of the crime to which he refers? Intending immigrants naturally and properly avoid a country where mob law is allowed to supersede statutory law, and they locate, by preference, in communities where the laws enacted by constituted authority are respected and enforced. Inasmuch as lynch law has signally failed to suppress or diminish the crime referred to—as G. William Simms so clearly points out—would it not be well for the people of the South to try the experiment of making and enforcing laws to fit this crime, severe enough to satisfy their sense of justice, and safeguarded by provisions which would insure quick trials and speedy punishment in case of conviction? Such laws would unquestionably be far more potent than lynchings in holding criminal instincts in check; and they would serve to attract immigrants rather than to repel it.

Lynch law can no more be justified by intelligent argument than can any other form of mob violence. It is a manifestation of retrogression, of decadence. The rights and the life of no man are safe in a community where the mob—whether it be composed of "the best citizens" or the worst—metes out justice according to the dictates of its mad and bloody impulses, and where the legally-constituted authorities abdicate their functions. There is absolutely no logical or legal ground for the man to stand upon who seeks to excuse or justify mob violence in any form.

There are oceans of wonderfully wild, woolly and woolf stories going through the eastern newspapers these days about the Ward-Bradbury escape, but the one that is the most Buffalo Billious and woolly of the lot appears in a recent issue of the *Louisville Commercial*. Referring to Ward, who is labeled the greatest hypnotist of the age, the *Commercial* says: "He met Mrs. John Bradbury, who had been married less than three years, and had an income of \$300,000 a year, two palaces, one of them the finest in California, an infant child, a stainless past and an unclouded future." Our California nude journalism will have to hustle itself to keep the pace with that sort of reporting. It is a pity our esteemed Kentucky contemporary had not the "enterprise" to print pictures of the two Bradbury "palaces" and that infant child. Los Angeles would like to see what they look like.

And now our English friends will doubtless be declaring that Mr. Teneyck is no gentleman because he won those diamond skulls. If America wants to keep the Britishers in thorough good humor it should never adopt a tariff, never win any kind of a race, and never interfere when that country wants to slaughter all the seals in the world, or gobble up any land that it happens to slap its covetous eye onto. So long as this attitude is maintained and we do nothing more undesirable than breed beautiful heireses for the harems of the nobility, we will be permitted to breathe—but we must not use up any more air in the operation than is absolutely necessary. Kind, thoughtful, considerate old mother country, isn't she good to us, though?

The Springfield Republican observes that "they tried so hard in California to be courteous to Mr. Bryan that one of the papers suggested that all signs of prosperity should be temporarily effaced." But the fool country wouldn't stand it; the big fruit crop kept right on ripening and yelling for hands to come and pick it, the harvesters made so much racket as to nearly drown the boy yawper's voice, and the Pacolian stream kept on running out of our mines twenty-four hours a day all the time the apostle of discontent was belching his distress and exhibiting his sores at so much a sore, and his agility at so much a jump.

The reporters of the yellow journals who are joining Spain and Japan together to wallow the United States are mighty industrious, but their work is raw. They had better confine them-

selves to stories of sea-serpents and mighty monsters that soar through the air and chew up brick blocks as grasshoppers do Kansas clover patches. Their declarations of war pan out so poorly that they must be losing caste with the Willie Hearsts and the Joe Pulitzer's who are scrapping as to which can print a newspaper in the deepest shade of yellow.

The Postoffice Department has changed the name of Speonk, Long Island, to Remsburg, and the people are so hot about it that they are having their mail addressed to the adjoining village and going over there to get it. Speonk is not such an all-fired beautiful name, but if it is the kind of a name that suits the people of Speonk, they ought to be allowed to keep it. What business has the Postoffice Department to put in its own anyway?

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There is now a long-distance telephone between Boston and Omaha, but the Omaha has great difficulty in making the people at the other end of the line understand their language; and as for the Bostonese that trickles into Omaha—why, those people don't know it from Choctaw. The line will probably have to come down.

Here we have all these long years been looking upon and holding up Chicago as a progressive city, and yet it just leaks out that all the water used there is pumped by horse power. It seems most extraordinary that a city that claims nearly 2,000,000 inhabitants has never heard of the steam engine and the electric motor.

Coney Island has shown up proudly with a tidal wave, and now the other resorts are wondering what they can do for a sensation. The sea serpent still fights shy, and it may yet become necessary to drown a girl in a red bathing suit in order to achieve sea-side distinction and free advertisement.

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The Fresno Republican suggests that "as the Christian Endeavor Convention has adjourned, the San Francisco papers ought to tell us something more about Durrant." By all means, let us hear full details about Durrant, with trimmings and incidentals.

We are reliably informed that the torpedo fish sometimes weighs 80 pounds, and that a single shock from him will kill the strongest horse. We ought to propagate this speckled beauty in order to reduce the crop of fish livers.

Mrs. Lease joins Uncle Horace Boles and announces that the free-silver issue is played out. It is refreshing to see that Mary Ellen also knows a few things when she runs across them on her bike in the middle of the road.

Evangelist Moody declares that the whale swallowed Jonah, and that there is no allegory business about it at all. All right, Brother Moody, if you say so, it goes; but we still insist that it was a tough deal for Jonah.

According to the British census, women live longer than men, which we must accept as a compliment, for it shows that men are not such bad fellows to live with after all. But the men—well, that's different.

Mr. Gilbert of Nevada, who went to New York and put up at a hotel and then wandered out to see the sights, is in the position of the noble red man on another like occasion—"Indian no lost; wigwam lost."

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The Los Angeles Times is going to change its spots in one short week. Nip: San Francisco is not that kind of a leopard.

A Russian savant has made the alarming discovery that appendicitis is contagious, and here we have been thinking all along that it was only fashionable.

If Lilluokalani will agree not to write any songs she can have her old island back for all we care. Anything to be spared any more new songs.

As fourteen persons were killed in Chicago on the Fourth, future celebrations will probably be prohibited as being too depleting to the census.

The Chicago Post lands that city as a summer resort. What is the matter, now, with old Satan exploiting the other place in opposition?

The puncture in the price of bicycles is one that cannot be mended with a patch nor a plug.

Mr. Teneyck ought now to be called Mr. Eleveneyck or Twelveyck since he won that race.

Our White squadron moved up on the wild goat of Nevada and that settled it.

Mr. Butler of Australia is now a good murderer—he is dead.

The subject chosen for the service was "The World for Christ," and the speakers were J. H. Bomberger, Rev. Josiah Strong and Rev. Francis E. Clark, all famous fighters in the society which has for its motto "The world for Christ." After the usual stirring gospel hymns that begin every service of the Christian Endeavor, Thornton Fitzhugh called the meeting to order and introduced the chairman of the afternoon, Leonard Merrill, newly-elected president of the California State Union of Christian Endeavor.

Mr. Merrill's first official action was to call to the platform a number of visiting pastors. Prayer was offered for the success of the great work undertaken by Christian Endeavor societies throughout the world, and then all joined with a will in the familiar "Sun-shine Song," made famous during the late convention.

Rev. J. H. Bomberger was the first speaker called to give his impressions of the great convention in San Francisco. He spoke of the mighty power of that gathering of people from all parts of the world, and of the vast expenditure of energy which went to make the convention such a signal success. Especially he noted the great number of young men who had been reached through the medium of Christian Endeavor, men who could not be reached by any other means. Another evidence of the mighty influence which the world is exerting throughout the world is the gradual breaking down of sectional distinctions and the marked promotion of interdenominational unity.

Rev. Josiah Strong of New York, who was the second speaker, stated emphatically that the San Francisco convention was the best cure for pessimism that the country had ever seen. He also spoke of the great number of young men and women in the order, and the progress made during the last few years with the work in hand.

Miss Belle A. Whitney, the editor of the *Woman's Herald* and *Jennett Miller Monthly*, sent some articles in manuscript to the New York Herald in May 1895. She wrote them several letters if they had used the same or intended to use them, and finally after many months, was informed that the matter was accepted and in type. They also told her that they paid as soon as published or on receipt of clipping. As she was of the opinion that the *Herald* would watch every edition of the *Herald* she decided to place the matter in the hands of Mrs. Foltz for collection.

Mrs. Foltz received much the same replies to her letters demanding settlement, and after an interview with the manager of the paper, decided to bring suit. After making out her case and having a day set for trial the defendant's lawyer called on her to discuss the point at issue and incidentally to leave her a whole lot of money. Mrs. Foltz was emphatic in her denunciation of the course pursued by many publishers, and stated that she founded her claim on the well-known principle in law which says that when a person accepts the labor or product of one's labor, either mental or physical, he is legally bound to pay for it, and she could not see wherein the party receiving the benefit of such labor could make a rule contrary to this well-established principle.

When the day came for the trial of the case the defendant's attorney paid the amount demanded, with all costs of the suit, and the suit was dismissed.

This settlement of the case can be quoted as forming a precedent in a matter which has won the attention of newspaper writers for many years, and may inaugurate a more liberal policy on the part of publishers who are accustomed to delay the payment for articles long after they have been accepted.

Much credit is due to Mrs. Foltz for her bold and vigorous annunciation of the law and its application in this important matter. Her efforts will not only receive the indorsement of every woman writer in the land who is forced to employ her pen as a means of support, but will receive the commendation of every fair-minded person engaged in literary pursuits.

A Puckish Girl.
[Pasadena News.] Miss Edith Mitchell of San Diego has won the plaudits of the school marm of the State. Being a graduate of the State Normal she applied to the Board of Education for a grammar school diploma. It was refused her. They said the laws say they may, and she answered that that meant that they shall issue the diploma to show what meaning the words had for the people. He said that in the start, the society was called the "Alphabetical Society," and there was some opposition to its being attached to the various churches. But the organization grew and passed through its three stages up to the grand society it is today. The first stage was the pooh-pooh stage, when every one laughed at the society. Then came the bow-wow stage, when the society was met with the usual "hear hear" stage when everybody applauded the Endeavorers. He warned the audience that the hear-hear stage was perhaps the most dangerous of all.

After tracing briefly the growth and spread of the movement, Dr. Clark undertook to answer some of the objections to it. He said it had been called

ENDEAVOR SERVICES

SIMPSON TABERNACLE FILLED TO THE ROOF.

Hundreds Shut Out—Overflow Meeting Organized at Immanuel Church.

WORLD-WIDE PROGRESS TRACED

IMPRESSIONS OF THE SAN FRANCISCO CONVENTION.

Meeting in the Evening at East Side Presbyterian Church—Dr. Clark Tells of the Growth of Christian Endeavor.

Christian Endeavorers have evidently lost none of their enthusiasm since the close of the convention, if the services held yesterday afternoon at Simpson Tabernacle can be taken as an indication of the popular feeling among both excursionists and local societies. The great tabernacle was crowded to the roof and to the doors and hundreds were unable to get into the building. So great was the crowd outside that an overflow meeting at Immanuel Church was organized before the services opened at Simpson Tabernacle.

In the tabernacle the purple and gold of the Christian Endeavor was mingled with the national colors in the gay silken banners that hung on the walls and around the platform. The front of the choir gallery was a lacy network of smiles and the platform was a mass of stately palms and papyrus.

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the Courting Endeavor because many of the young members who had met in the society meetings became man and wife. This, he said, could be no objection. He for one would rather his daughter found her husband or his son a wife in an Endeavor prayer meeting than in a ball room. He warmly defended the intermingling of the sexes in Endeavor work and said the young women were the right hand of the Endeavor movement. He then called attention to the fine travel of the Endeavor movement around the world and in this connection said that the two great Endeavor songs—"Blest Be the Tie That Binds" and "God Be With You, Till We Meet Again"—had been sung in almost every known language. The Endeavor movement was one of God. No man or woman, as it grows and grows it shows God's intention to use the young, not in years, but in heart and spiritual life, for his glory. The Endeavor movement is founded in the prayer meeting and the work of the society, whatever direction it may take, has there its inspiration, blessed of God.

After the services hundreds of people crowded to the pulpit to shake Dr. Clark by the hand and to bid him good-bye and God-speed on his journey home, which commences this morning.

NEW BEDFORD'S JUBILEE
GATHERING HOME OF HER SONS AND DAUGHTERS.

Summoned from the Earth's Corners to Her Semi-Centennial Celebration—An Elaborate Programme Arranged.

[CORRESPONDENCE OF THE TIMES.] — NEW BEDFORD (Mass.) July 9.

NEW Bedford's celebration during the week of October 10 of the semi-centennial anniversary of the city's incorporation is to be the occasion of a grand reunion of the old residents and a gathering home of the old town's sons and daughters from the four corners of the earth. Probably no city in America has a more diffuse representation throughout the world. In the good old days when the whale fishery flourished, the keels of New Bedford's ships vexed the waters of every sea and carried the flag into every port. The sturdy mariners were pioneers in many directions. It was the order of things that many of the sturdy men for themselves new homes in far-away places—in strange lands. They were a thrifty and enterprising set of men and quick to grasp new opportunities. Thus it was that many great projects at distant points were conceived, established and successfully managed by New Bedford capital. When these wanderers return they will find a great surprise in store for them. Instead of the town they remember, where their own people whose sole support and source of wealth was the ocean, they will be welcomed by a bustling manufacturing city whose growth has outstripped that of any community in New England. They will be reminded of former days by the blubber-hunters rotting at the wharves, having a place of honor and melancholy interest to be sure, but supplanted in their glory by the huge cotton mills which have made New Bedford second in the world in importance as a textile-producing center.

For the entertainment of the visitors an elaborate programme has been arranged, and for four days and nights over to the commemoration. Following in the good old ways of the fathers, special services will be universally held in the churches on Sunday, October 10. Commencing on Monday, the festivities will have full sway. Parades have been arranged which will be the most imposing ever seen in this section of the State. In honor of the occasion at least one of the new warships will be stationed at the port during the celebration. Yachts and floating pleasure palaces by the score from various ports, in addition to the large local fleet, will dot the harbor. The city has never before already signified their intention of attending. The city has one of the finest road courses in the country—the Point road—and here will be held many bicycle races, the wheelmen having had one day assigned to them. This will be one of the largest gatherings of riders during the year. Sports of all kinds, including numerous aquatic contests, will be arranged. An extensive industrial exhibit is to be made one of the leading features.

That Speech of Billy Boy's
[New York Tribune.] The chief feature of the Fourth of July celebration at Los Angeles, Cal., was an address by William J. Bryan, which differed from salvation in many important particulars. One of the speakers, who was not free, but cost everybody who heard it 50 cents. It had been advertised that as a concession to the prevailing sentiment of the day, the speaker would be attending gold bug should become asperated and wish that he had kept his money, the orator would confine himself to a few words of patriotic utterances. This he did for fifteen or twenty minutes, but the strain was too great, and at the end of that time he cut across the line and himself upon the tide of "pulsating and throbbing issues which confront the American people. This expeditious violation of the programme was hailed with a great shout of approval, and it was not many of those present, but we do not see why it should have surprised them, inasmuch as a universal breaking of contracts is the first and foremost principle of the creed which Bryan proclaimed all last summer and fall, and which he often as he has the chance, has been reminding us of. Moreover, they should have consoled themselves with the reflection that the orator's disregard of the convention which the city of 50 cents a piece was expected to give several thousands of patriotic citizens was entirely in keeping with the substance of his political harangue. It was quite natural that, having in mind the audience in that way at the start, he should keep on trying to bamboozle them by asserting that the times were growing harder, that debts were accumulating, and that the death rate from starvation was increasing.



PASADENA.

A HIGH SCHOOL TEACHER WILL MARRY A PUPIL.

Fourteen Years Difference in Age Not Allowed to Count—Rev. Josiah Strong Speaks on Christian Citizenship—The Endeavor-Sewer Protest.

PASADENA, July 18.—[Regular Correspondence.] A teacher in the Pasadena High School will Tuesday wed one of her pupils, a lad fourteen years younger than herself. The bride is Miss Laura A. Tinkham, the blushing groom Almo R. Taylor, the nineteen-year-old son of the Rev. George Taylor of No. 57 Beach place, pastor of the Baptist Church at El Monte.

Miss Tinkham has taught mathematics in the High School for some four years past. Almo Taylor, a student in one of her classes, wished to complete three years' work in two, and to help him Miss Tinkham spent most of the last summer vacation coaching him in algebra and geometry. They both attended the First Baptist Church, and the young man frequently escorted his teacher to prayer-meeting, church socials, choir practice, Sunday-school, where he was a member of her class.

The news of the engagement was spread abroad by one of Taylor's female classmates, who had unwisely confided, and the schoolboys made so many jokes at his expense that he left the school without graduating, and went East. Taylor, with the consent of Taylor's parents, and next Tuesday the nuptials will be solemnized.

CHRISTIAN CITIZENSHIP.

The Tabernacle was crowded to overflowing this evening with people gathered to hear Josiah Strong, the famous writer and divine, on his favorite topic of good government. His splendid presentation of modern problems and his suggestions for bringing about better things were listened to with the closest attention.

He referred to the growing spirit of unity which is making different denominations co-operate with each other. There is work to be done which needs unanimity. The material growth of the past century, greater than that of all the past ages put together, has not been accompanied by a corresponding moral development. As the population of civilized countries grows, the degradation in local government. Soon the city will be controlled by State and national affairs completely, and unless the cities are rescued from machine politicians, it will be disastrous for the world. A new patriotism is needed. The way to save the city is to teach the citizen to govern himself. There is no occasion for discouragement, for the turning of the attention of religious organizations to civic duties is a hopeful sign, and the forces of right will at length prevail.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVORS.

At 6:30 o'clock this evening there was a Christian Endeavor rally at the First Presbyterian Church, led by the Ohio delegation. The speakers were: The State President, Rev. Mr. Bomberger, and Charles H. Jones, chairman of the traveling delegation. The Ohio delegation was the largest at the recent convention except that from California. Tuesday evening, The Rev. Ira Landreth, a well-known writer and speaker of Nashville, Tenn., will speak at the First Presbyterian Church, having secured Father Clark, Josiah Strong and Ira Landreth to speak in Pasadena, C. C. Reynolds, president of the City Union, feels that the "Convention Echoes" have been very successful.

Monday evening at the First Presbyterian Church Miss Jones will speak on the work of the "Floating Christian Endeavor Society" in the County Jail, each to serve thirty days for disturbing the peace.

The San Diego Good Templar Base-ball Club was defeated Saturday by Poway by a score of 21 to 7 by the Grand Templar club of that town. A return game will be played in this city August 15.

Plans have been drawn for a new warehouse to be constructed on the corner of Fifth and K streets. The building will be two stories high, with a great deal of room for storing goods.

The Y.M.C.A. of this city is planning an excursion on the bay Thursday night, and a trip to Tia Juana the following day for the visiting Christian Endeavorers.

Experiments in tobacco culture have been started at Pacific Beach. It is believed the soil there is particularly well adapted to the production of the "weed."

The Carlos Pacheco has sailed south for San Quintin with a cargo of sheet-iron and a large quantity of hides for export. The steamer Corona arrived here Saturday evening from San Francisco with 120 tons of freight and about seventy-five passengers.

The Board of Supervisors Saturday ordered \$500 to be paid from the Immigration fund to the Chamber of Commerce.

San Diego is shipping out honey by the carload.

WHITTIER.

WHITTIER, July 17.—[Regular Correspondence.] There was a fire in Frank Payton's butcher shop Friday night, that came very near being a serious conflagration. It is a pity coming from a social had not noticed it, the whole place would have burned. The boys ran a hose into the place, and put the fire out quickly. The fire was only part of the occurrence. The shop had been broken into from the rear, but the burglar found only 9 cents in the till.

Dr. Levi Johnson of Iowa is visiting Dr. C. J. Cook. Dr. Johnson will preach Sunday morning at the Friends Church. The melon crop is very large this year, and is being taken in for sale to Los Angeles.

OLD RELIABLE. Sperry's Best Family, 15¢ per quarter sack. DYSPEPTICS, your stomach will resume operation after you try Tarocna, nature's food for old and young.

who was awarded the prize of \$10 in cash. The glove contest between George Porter, colored, of Los Angeles, and John Wilson of Long Beach was interrupted by a fight between the two men. The contest was rapidly dispersed although many were greatly disappointed, as it had been announced that the contestants would "fight to a finish."

SAN DIEGO COUNTY.

COWBOYS TRY TO BURN ONE OF THEIR COMRADES.

Soak Him with Brandy and Then Set Fire to Him—Changes to be Made in Warner's Ranch, Some Expenses for Past Six Months.

SAN DIEGO, July 18.—[Regular Correspondence.] A story comes from Warner's Ranch, some distance back in the mountains from this city, of the attempt of a party of cowboys to burn alive one of their comrades, named Rice, by pouring several gallons of brandy over the unfortunate fellow, and then touching a match to them. The flames spread all over Rice's body, but he ran from his tormentors and finally succeeded in divesting himself of his clothing, but not until he was badly burned all over his body. This choice bit of entertainment came off at the notorious place of Bob Gunn, which already has a very bad reputation. The district attorney's office is investigating the affair and arrests are looked for in a few days.

COURTHOUSE CHANGES.

At the meeting of the Supervisors yesterday it was decided to make a number of changes in the county offices for the better convenience of the various officers. The shelving, books, etc., now in the law library will be removed to the unoccupied room on the lower floor, and the furniture, papers, books, etc., of the Supervisors will be placed in the room now occupied as a library on the third floor. The Sheriff is requested to move his office to the room to be vacated by the Supervisors and the Auditor is directed to transfer his office to the vacated room on the lower floor. An arch has been ordered put in between the two rooms to be occupied by the Supervisors.

SAN DIEGO BREVIETTES.

Secretary Dixon of the Board of Public Works has prepared a report of the expenditure of funds made by the board the past six months, to submit to the Board of Public Works Monday evening. This is in accordance with a resolution recently passed by the Council. The report shows that the total expenditure for the past six months has been \$38,320.57, of which amount \$11,691.01 was paid out for labor.

Court Silver Gate, F. of A. No. 138, of this city, installed the following officers at a meeting held Friday evening: J. A. Neill, C.R.; R. L. Stowell, S.C.R.; W. R. Spohn, Recording Secretary; J. W. Brink, S.W.; W. J. Anderson, J.W.; J. B. Ben L. Squires and M. A. Duerrhammer, Trustees. The installation of the new officers was presided over by Grand Chief Ranger George McCon.

A meeting of the State division League of this city was held on the Plaza Saturday evening. The City Guard Band furnished the music on the occasion and speeches were made by A. A. Stephens and others advocating the formation of the State of South California. The League proposed to carry the campaign later into the other counties of Southern California.

This will be criminal week in the Superior Court. The case of the People vs. Lawrence Hanbury, charged with assaulting C. F. Weis with a deadly weapon, will be called first, and follow-up the trial of the trial of Manuel Chavez of Senator John C. R. Jones is charged with murdering his mistress. Adolph Scholder at Agua Caliente was badly injured a few days ago by a party of Indians who attempted to carve him up with big knives. The Indians have been arrested and will have their preliminary examination at Meza Grande tomorrow, before Justice Gedney.

Two Cocopah Indian squaws from Hedges, this county, were brought to this city yesterday by Deputy Sheriff Burke and placed in the County Jail, each to serve thirty days for disturbing the peace.

The San Diego Good Templar Base-ball Club was defeated Saturday by Poway by a score of 21 to 7 by the Grand Templar club of that town. A return game will be played in this city August 15.

Plans have been drawn for a new warehouse to be constructed on the corner of Fifth and K streets. The building will be two stories high, with a great deal of room for storing goods.

The Y.M.C.A. of this city is planning an excursion on the bay Thursday night, and a trip to Tia Juana the following day for the visiting Christian Endeavorers.

Experiments in tobacco culture have been started at Pacific Beach. It is believed the soil there is particularly well adapted to the production of the "weed."

The Carlos Pacheco has sailed south for San Quintin with a cargo of sheet-iron and a large quantity of hides for export. The steamer Corona arrived here Saturday evening from San Francisco with 120 tons of freight and about seventy-five passengers.

The Board of Supervisors Saturday ordered \$500 to be paid from the Immigration fund to the Chamber of Commerce.

San Diego is shipping out honey by the carload.

WHITTIER.

WHITTIER, July 17.—[Regular Correspondence.] There was a fire in Frank Payton's butcher shop Friday night, that came very near being a serious conflagration. It is a pity coming from a social had not noticed it, the whole place would have burned. The boys ran a hose into the place, and put the fire out quickly. The fire was only part of the occurrence. The shop had been broken into from the rear, but the burglar found only 9 cents in the till.

Dr. Levi Johnson of Iowa is visiting Dr. C. J. Cook. Dr. Johnson will preach Sunday morning at the Friends Church. The melon crop is very large this year, and is being taken in for sale to Los Angeles.

OLD RELIABLE. Sperry's Best Family, 15¢ per quarter sack. DYSPEPTICS, your stomach will resume operation after you try Tarocna, nature's food for old and young.

ORANGE COUNTY.

PUBLIC LIBRARY TRUSTEES ARE CALLED ON TO RESIGN.

The Election of a Librarian not Favored by the Taxpayers of Santa Ana, a Vigorous Protest Raised—Plans for Excursion Rates Fallen Through.

SANTA ANA, July 18.—[Regular Correspondence.] Three of the trustees of the public library will have to resign their positions or disregard once more the petition of taxpayers and patrons of the library. They are the three who voted for Miss Garnett of Colorado and thus disposed Mrs. Kernode. Late Saturday night the taxpayers presented to this effect, and it was apparently not a difficult matter to secure signatures to it.

As already stated in The Times there is a strong undercurrent of feeling among the people of Santa Ana which regards with disapproval the action of the Board of Library Trustees in removing Mrs. Kernode from her position as librarian. Over four hundred taxpayers and citizens have petitioned the board to retain Mrs. Kernode. This expression of the sentiment of the people met with no response from the trustees, who not only refused to receive the petition but also refused to consider the petition. The trustees have been totally disregarded. The only response they received was from a member of the board who said: "We are our own judgment; the people be damned."

This explanation was not calculated to soothe the ruffled feelings of those who had expected to see the trustees in the deliberations of the board. On the contrary, it only aggravated the sentiment opposed to the board's action, and now the storm has broken.

The petition read as follows: "To Messrs. E. E. Keach, J. C. Galloway and C. E. Keach, members of the Board of Public Library Trustees of the city of Santa Ana:

"We, your petitioners, respectfully ask you to resign as public servants in the capacity of trustees of the Santa Ana Public Library for the reason that you do not represent the wishes of the taxpayers and citizens of said city in the discharge of your duties. The trustees are not much concerned over the animosity which their action has aroused. They maintain that their duty was simply to choose the person best qualified for the position, and to their mind the recommendations of Mrs. Garnett were better than those presented by any other candidate. They are keeping the matter to themselves, however, and will not explain how the vote was taken."

Their explanation was not satisfactory to those who wish to know why it was necessary to hold a secret caucus before they met in open session and then there "fixed" two members being assigned to cast a complimentary vote for Mrs. Kernode and the other three being counted upon to thwart the action of the minority. It is apparent that the board anticipated a contest, and the appearance of the petition favors the opinion that the end is in sight. A citizen offered to contribute \$100 to assist in contesting the legality of Miss Garnett's election.

N. EXCURSION.

There will be an excursion of easterners to Santa Ana, all stipulations to that end having fallen through. The committee of the Chamber of Commerce which went to Los Angeles to interview the railroad managers in regard to securing a lower rate to Santa Ana, met with little success. They were given a considerable hearing and were informed that Santa Ana was left out of the excursion. The committee, however, realized that the excursion was not a success, and they are out of town, and an excursion will be hard to organize and hard to handle. The committee of commerce was not able to interview the railroad managers, and they are out of town, and an excursion will be hard to organize and hard to handle. The committee of commerce was not able to interview the railroad managers, and they are out of town, and an excursion will be hard to organize and hard to handle.

MUSICAL RECITAL.

On Thursday evening the pupils of G. Abram Smith will give a recital in Spurgeon's Hall. Among those who will take part are: Mmes. James Irvine, Pittman, Dr. Cook, Wilkinson—Misses Bessie Welch, Anna Hoff, Edith Barlow, and others. The recital will be given at 8 o'clock.

Large shipments of beets have been taken this week from Anaheim and Buena Park, to the China factory. The amount sent out has averaged twenty-five carloads a day.

Mme. Modjeska intends taking a trip to San Francisco about August 1. She will be accompanied by Miss Mabel Langenberg of Anaheim.

All of the teachers elected by the Board of Education have accepted an acceptance, so that the corps of teachers for next year is complete.

Celery planting in the lands is now under full swing. It is estimated that the acreage this year will be 50 per cent. greater than that of last season.

The Westminster creamery is doing a big business. Nearly 20,000 pounds of milk are separated daily.

J. H. Mosser has gone to Salt Lake City to attend the semi-centennial jubilee of the settling of Utah.

B. G. Balcham has been reflected president and cashier. Paul Seegar, vice-president, and J. P. Davis secretary, of the Fruit Growers' Bank of Whittier.

James Mills and Mrs. Myrtle McCollum were arrested in Orange Wednesday on a charge of assault preferred by Alexander Wells. Wells was on his way to church and was attacked by the couple. Mrs. McCollum using a buggy whip as a weapon. She alleged slander as a cause for the assault. Both pleaded guilty and were fined \$10 and \$20 respectively.

SOLDIERS' HOME.

Departure of Gov. Rowland for Leavenworth.

SOLDIERS' HOME, July 17.—[Regular Correspondence.] Gov. Rowland left here for Leavenworth early on Friday morning. His leave-taking was in accordance with his desire, without ostentation or display of any kind. In general orders No. 178 Gov. Rowland extends his thanks to officers, heads or departments and employees, expresses his appreciation of the generally commendable conduct of members and recognizes the good influence exerted by many hundreds of worthy members of this branch.

General orders No. 179 announces that Maj. F. K. Upham will be acting governor until the arrival of Col. Andrew J. Smith.

Special orders No. 102 appoints Henry

Kremer late Cos. B and H. Third United States Infantry, sergeant-major, vice H. H. Wayman, recently promoted to be adjutant.

Acting Governor Upham is in receipt of a telegram from Col. A. J. Smith stating that he will leave Leavenworth on Saturday and may be expected to arrive here on Tuesday, July 20.

At the Monday evening meeting of the home of the brigades, the visiting and coming four wells in the vicinity of the pumping-station, work upon which is already commenced. This is the beginning of a series of operations looking to a better water supply, for which \$10,000 additional was recently appropriated. Excavation on Memorial Hall site is under way. This Monday morning the laying of the foundation will be commenced. A passenger elevator is being constructed on the southeast wing of the government office building.

ACTIVE CONSTRUCTION.

There is quite a ripple apparent in the construction department. A contract was awarded this week for digging and coming four wells in the vicinity of the pumping-station, work upon which is already commenced. This is the beginning of a series of operations looking to a better water supply, for which \$10,000 additional was recently appropriated. Excavation on Memorial Hall site is under way. This Monday morning the laying of the foundation will be commenced. A passenger elevator is being constructed on the southeast wing of the government office building.

Maj. L. Fritchard, chief of the home police, has taken a furlough for thirty days for the purpose of visiting relatives in the home of his mother. The following figures obtained by the courtesy of Postmaster F. I. Gardner, from his annual report at the close of the year, will give some idea of the postal business transacted at Soldiers' Home: Letters dispatched, 56,589; letters received, 74,472; newspapers and magazines, 1,000,000; registered letters dispatched, 56,589; registered letters received, 269; money orders issued, 1270; money orders paid, 111; franked letters dispatched, 1,219.

SOLDIERS' HOME BREVETTES.

Burr Sanders, late Co. I, Sixteenth Illinois Infantry, has at the request of Gov. Rowland, resigned his desk in the treasurer's office to accept one in the governor's office.

Services in Assembly Hall on Sunday will be as follows: Rev. F. H. Beck of Los Angeles will preach for the faith in the morning. The afternoon service will be by Rev. I. M. Merlino at 3 p.m., long service at 7 p.m.

Membership to date is 2046 of which there are present 1555, absent 491.

An unusual number of deaths are recorded for the week as follows: Francis J. Jones, B. and O. Co., died July 10, 1897, aged 64.

Joseph P. Durand, late Co. B, Fourth Ohio Cavalry, died July 17, 1897, from Fall Brook, Cal., died July 14, 1897, aged 53.

John Wiley, late Co. C, D. First Michigan Infantry, and lieutenant of Co. E, Fifth Michigan Infantry, admitted from Kingman, Ariz., May 16, 1895, died July 10, 1897, aged 53.

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SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY.

SOME OF THE GREAT WORKS BEING DONE IN COLTON.

Close of the Apricot Season—Large Orange Orchards Planted—Catching Casualties—Alaskan Fever Catching—Brevettes.

SAN BERNARDINO, July 18.—[Regular Correspondence.] When you ask a resident of Colton about the public enterprises of that small, but important city, he will mention first the canyons, over which he becomes quite enthusiastic. This year it has hardly been a former season's work, and expects to surpass all former records on that fruit. Apricots have been too abundant for an instant, and the price of the prepared article is liable to rule low, and as wages must of necessity go the same way, the handling of that crop has been left largely to the more economical home canneries. This Colton home closed Saturday last on this fruit, after employing from twenty-five to 150 hands as the necessities demanded, on about a thousand yards of apricots. The work will now be cleaned for the canning of peaches which will soon begin to arrive. At the various home cutting and drying establishments the usual price paid cutters has been about 5 cents per box of fifty pounds. One man who worked faithfully four days earned 90 cents. The Highland home closed Saturday last on this fruit, after employing from twenty-five to 150 hands as the necessities demanded, on about a thousand yards of apricots. The work will now be cleaned for the canning of peaches which will soon begin to arrive. At the various home cutting and drying establishments the usual price paid cutters has been about 5 cents per box of fifty pounds. One man who worked faithfully four days earned 90 cents. The Highland home closed Saturday last on this fruit, after employing from twenty-five to 150 hands as the necessities demanded, on about a thousand yards of apricots. The work will now be cleaned for the canning of peaches which will soon begin to arrive. At the various home cutting and drying establishments the usual price paid cutters has been about 5 cents per box of fifty pounds. One man who worked faithfully four days earned 90 cents. 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City Briefs.

Parties going to Catalina can leave this city on the Terminal newspaper train at 6 a.m., connecting with the Wilmington Transportation Company's newspaper boat at San Pedro, and arrive at Catalina at 10 o'clock daily except Saturday and Sunday. Making the trip at this time of the day is much more delightful than in the afternoon, after the winds have come up and the ocean is "choppy." There is also much less liability to seasickness on the morning trip.

Good values in linens. Richardson Sons & Ouden. All linen, nineteen-inch napkins, \$1.25 a dozen, former price \$1.50; 18x37 huck towels, 12c. Coughlin Dry Goods Company.

Bicycles will be sold at cost this week at Charles Henschel's, No. 919 South Main street.

Boys' boarding school, military. Free catalogue. Postoffice box 193, city.

Music and a chicken dinner at the Naick from 4:45 to 7:30 tonight.

There are undelivered telegrams at the office of the Western Union for James E. Wilkinson, at Los Angeles, Wolf Kibben, Mrs. Victoria Matthews and Miss May McFarland.

A reception will be given this evening to Leonard Merrill, State president-elect, by the Christian Endeavor Society of the Memorial Baptist Church. Members of other societies and friends are invited to be present.

PAN-ANGELICAN CONFERENCE.

Special Service at the Westminster Abbey.

The London Morning Post of July 2, gives the following account of a special service held in Westminster Abbey on the preceding evening, in connection with the fourth Pan-Anglican conference of Bishops, which commenced on the 5th inst., at Lambeth Palace.

"It was not strictly the opening service of the conference, but rather a preparatory office for the functions of the three following days, during which the archbishops and bishops will be celebrating the 1300th anniversary of the landing of St. Augustine. Nearly two hundred bishops of the Anglican communion had signified their intention to be present last night, and probably quite one hundred and sixty attended. They were met in the church house, and attended by their chaplains, marched in procession round Dean's-yard to the western entrance of the Abbey. There was a large number of spectators, who respectfully removed their hats as the procession passed by. It was a strange but impressive sight, the long line of bishops, many of them of venerable years and aspect, clad for the most part in the brilliant robes appropriate to their university degrees, and wearing the white of rochet and lawn sleeves. Not being, so to speak, a state function, there was but little attempt at precedence according to seniority of consecration or locality of See and prelates of the home episcopate walked side by side with bishops of the church of the United States, the Archbishop of Scotland and the colonial churches. The rear of the procession was, however, brought up by the presiding Bishop of the United States, the Archbishop of Armagh, the Archbishop of York, preceded by his silver cross, and the Archbishop of Canterbury, before whom the primatial cross was borne by the Rev. G. S. Pownall, while two choristers in surplices and scarlet cassocks acted as train-bearers. It was impossible to identify a tithe of the prelates who joined the procession, but in addition to those named it was easy to distinguish the bishops of London, Winchester, St. Albans, Rochester, Ely, Salisbury, Peterborough, St. Andrews, Lincoln, Lichfield, Cape Town, Calcutta and Brisbane. As the procession entered the western precincts of the Abbey the choir commenced the hymn, 'The Church's One Foundation,' the opening strains being first heard by the congregation in subdued tones mellowed by distance, and gradually swelling to a full volume of sound as the chorists entered the choir. The service, which consisted of a matins, was intoned throughout by the precentor, the Rev. Dr. Troutbeck. The psalms and lessons were read by Canon Duckworth and the Archbishop of York was then conducted to the pulpit by his chaplain, carrying the cross, which was placed against the pillar at the back of the pulpit during the discourse. Dr. MacLagan, who prefaced his sermon with the invocation of the Holy Trinity, took for his text the 13th verse of the 16th chapter of the Gospel of St. John. He, the Spirit of truth, has come to guide you into all truth. The sermon was entirely addressed to the laity and was a masterly exposition of the doctrine of the Holy Spirit, and rather indication of the spirit and temper that should govern and control the episcopal heads of a great and widespread branch of the Catholic church when meeting in solemn convocation to discuss matters bearing upon the spiritual well-being of their flocks. After the sermon the Archbishop of York pronounced the benediction from the pulpit, and the service was closed by the singing of the hymn 'O Sing to the Lord' was sung to a setting by Dr. Bridge."

Mr. Bryan's Little Bunch Trick.

Young Mr. Bryan's "Little Bunch Trick" appears to have been little else than another neat little political bunco trick in the line of the famous "Bunco Trick." It was not a free show—not a bit of it. It was for revenue only, and some 10,000 persons paid 50 cents each for the privilege of hearing the orator on the strength of the announcement that his address would be strictly non-political and patriotic. But he duped his audience and harangued them for two hours on the glories of free silver at 16 to 1, after which he scolded President McKinley, whose administration he denounced, as "the laughing stock of the world," declared that times were growing worse and boasted that he was the Moses of the Democratic party. Mr. Bryan's breadth and ability as a self-seeking demagogue were never quite so vividly revealed as they were in this independence-day speech in California.

MAKES FEW CHANGES.

THE TARIFF BILL WILL BECOME LAW WITHIN TWO WEEKS.

Quickest Work Ever Done in the Passage of Such a Measure—Aldrich of Chicago is Willing, but the Place is not Vacant.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—The rapidity with which the conferees have proceeded on the tariff has excited favorable comment from all sources, and business men expect a speedy revival of confidence. It will of course take two weeks, and possibly longer, for the bill to become a law, even under the most favorable circumstances, but it is known that there will not be a great many changes, and business can be adapted to the conditions as they will be.

There has been a good deal of complaint at the delay in passing the tariff law, and the facts have been carefully suppressed by opposition papers. There has been no delay. It is the quickest work ever done in the passage of a tariff bill. In four months from the time it was reported to the House it will have been signed by the President. It has heretofore required from six months to ten months actual consideration before a bill could be passed. The determination of the Republicans to indulge in no debate has so simplified matters that the opposition grew weary, and there were none of the long speeches that have heretofore characterized all tariff debates.

Col. B. F. Allen, who was appointed special agent and supervisor of forest reservations in California and Arizona, has started for his field of duty. He will stop en route at Des Moines for a few days to renew old friendships and congratulate the Iowans upon the growth and prosperity of the State in which he was a pioneer. Col. Allen went to Des Moines over fifty years ago, owned a large part of the land upon which Des Moines is now situated, and was a member of the first board of directors of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad Company, laid out the towns on that road between Des Moines and Council Bluffs. He now has a commission to take charge of the eight million acres which includes Yosemite Valley, and the big trees, and take charge of the property as though it was his own. He did good work helping to win the splendid victory in California last fall, and when asked what he thought of the Iowa situation this year he said: "Iowa is all right. If any one doubts it, let him read the declaration of ex-Gov. Boies. He is the best practical politician the Democrats have and is noted for getting as near the popular side as possible for a Democrat in Iowa. He now says that Democrats cannot win on the silver issue alone. He is right, and as there is no other issue on which the Democrats can unite, it is equivalent to a declaration that they do not hope to win. Secretary Alger and Senators Gear and Allison will be at the Grand Army of the Republic reunion at Spirit Lake on the 21st inst., and while it will not be a political event, it will have a great political effect. There are some local issues arising from the last Legislature, but they are not dangerous to the Republicans."

J. Frank Aldrich of Chicago is beginning to wonder what sort of disaster is attached to the influence of Speaker Reed. The great man from Maine asked but one appointment, that of ex-Representative Aldrich as Minister to Belgium. President McKinley wanted to make the appointment and would undoubtedly have done so, had not unfortunate and unforeseen complications arisen by which it was deemed essential for the harmony of the party to find another position for Mr. Aldrich, who, when consulted, agreed that he would be better and chose the place of Consul-General to Cuba. He has since that, taken a course of study in the Spanish language, and has spent all his spare time in the State Department library thoroughly familiarizing himself with the Cuban situation. He could pass an examination as a route for Cuba, there is not a post-office that he does not know all about. No doubt has ever entered his mind that he will be appointed, and it is probable that no such doubt has occurred to President McKinley, but the position of Consul-General to Cuba is not vacant. There are pending matters that would render it unwise to accept the resignation of Consul-General Lee at this time, and it is recognized that he will have to remain until these are disposed of. He is not at all anxious to retain the position, but affairs do not appear to be shaping up very rapidly so that he can go. Meanwhile Mr. Aldrich is here, studying Cuba, his family has all furniture packed ready to move. If there is not some sudden change in the situation, however, Mr. Aldrich will have ample time to become thoroughly proficient in the Spanish language before he receives the desired appointment. He might occupy a part of his time while waiting on the lecture platform. He is now sufficiently posted about Cuba to talk very entertainingly.

FRANK L. WELLES.

American Extravagance.

[Chicago Chronicle.] There is a great deal of sound sense in the argument that our national spirit of extravagance by a Japanese whom Robert P. Porter met in that country lately. Mr. Porter was staying at a Japanese hotel, living as usual in apartments on the American plan. He paid what was equivalent to \$2.75 a day in our money. His Japanese friend stayed in the same hotel, but in the Japanese quarters, paying but 75 sen, or about 40 cents a day. The Oriental said to him: "I am just as happy and comfortable as you are. You have tables and chairs, and wash-stands and a sofa. I have nothing of the sort. A nice clean tatami mat and a quilt is a good enough bed for me. Then you give so much more trouble at your meals, with your tables and your chairs, and crockery, glassware, knives and forks, spoons, mustard and pepper pots. My meals are served in my room by a pretty maid who kneels before me while I eat, and chats and makes herself interesting, looking after my every want at the same time. Then you cart a lot of unnecessary baggage around with you, and furnish me with a nice clean night robe and I can buy a toothbrush for a sen or so. You Americans make too much effort to live. There is no doubt that we clutter our lives with alleged necessities or luxuries which are in reality nothing of the sort. Our daily living has reached enormous expenses by our continually increasing wants, which are merely extravagances, not at all necessary. A gill of brandy and water will render a Frenchman happy all day, and a Japanese will get as much pleasure out of a pinch of tobacco not larger than half of one of our cigars as an American does from smoking a dozen of our expensive cigars."

Tally-ho Party.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Larch of Key West street entertained a number of friends from Crawfordsville, on a tally-ho drive to Pasadena and Baldwin's ranch yesterday. The guests were: Mrs. Larch, Mrs. V. V. Larch, Misses Jennie Cade, Julia and Flora Kostanzar, Julia Karle, Maggie Gilkey, and Messrs. John Kostanzar and C. D. Vores.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Runaway Accident.

A. M. Aguilar, who lives on Henry street, East Los Angeles, was brought to the Receiving Hospital last night suffering from a broken collar bone and a broken rib on the left side, both received in a runaway. Aguilar was driving a young horse which became frightened and ran away, overturning the cart and throwing the driver out. Police Surgeon Hagan set the broken bones and pronounced the injuries painful but not serious.

DEATH RECORD.

DUNKELBERG.—In this city July 17, 1897.

M. C. Dunkelberg, a native of New York, aged 60 years.

The remains are at the parlors of Kregele & Bresse, Broadway and Sixth street today (Monday). Tuesday morning they will be shipped to Pekin, Ill., for interment.

NAGAI.—In this city July 17, 1897. T. Nagai, aged 20 years.

Funeral will be held from the parlors of Kregele & Bresse, Broadway and Sixth street today (Monday), at 3 p.m. Friends invited to attend.

HILL.—At the residence of his parents at Floral and Adams streets, this city, on July 18, 1897, died George, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hill.

Trimmed Hats For 1/2

ALL THIS WEEK

The Great Zobel Summer Sale of Trimmed Hats at half price will continue all this week. It is the millinery event of the year in Los Angeles and is wisely looked forward to. Several hundred of the most winsome creations from our own workrooms join hands with a number of Paris pattern hats to make this the most talked of millinery sale on the Pacific Coast, and prices just half what they were a week ago. Who wouldn't have a Zobel hat—at half?

Lud Zobel & Co.

The Wonder Millinery,

219 S. Spring St.

Crescent

Built Right.

Thousands of Crescent riders and agents were consulted as to the improvements required for 1897. Crescent, and it is their unanimous opinion that no bicycles ever built approach the new models in strength, beauty and wonderful speed. The Crescent agent will show you new devices securing increased strength and ease of running. Crescent beauty speaks for itself.

\$75 \$50

Bicycles.

WESTERN WHEEL WORKS,

Factory, Chicago.

CATALOGUE FREE. AGENTS EVERYWHERE.

CRESCENTS, \$40.

Models 1896, \$75 list; now \$40.

Tufts-Lyon Arms Co.

...AGENTS...

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Happy Homes

are those where health is the first consideration, and where EMIL FRIESE'S HAMBURG TEA is kept on hand to ward off Stomach Disorders on their first approach. Sold by all Druggists and Grocers.

A Full Set of Teeth

Only \$5.00

Lowest Prices Consistent With First-Class Work.

Extracting with our local anesthetic, \$.50

Extracting with gas, 1.00

Extracting with vitalized air, 1.00

Cleaning Teeth, .50 up

White and porcelain fillings for front teeth, .50 up

Silver and gold plating fillings, .50 up

Pure gold fillings, 1.00 up

Gold crowns, solid 22k, 4.00 up

Porcelain crowns, 3.00 up

Partial rubber plates, 3.50 up

Gold or porcelain bridge work, 4.00 up

A full set of teeth, on rubber, 5.00

No charge for extracting when best teeth are ordered. Consultation and examination free. All work very best and guaranteed.

Jan 28, 1897.

This is to certify that I have this morning had twenty-two teeth extracted by Dr. Schiffman, and suffered no pain nor after effects and I heartily recommend his method.

MRS. S. S. LAMSON, 228 E. Fifth.



Our New Process

Of Flexible Dental Plates is as yet but little known by the public and less understood by dentists in general. It has many advantages over the ordinary rubber plate, even gold plates—being lighter and thinner. This plate being flexible, no thicker than heavy writing paper, fits closer to the mouth, will last longer, and is tougher than any other rubber. Once tried no other plates will be desirable. Brought to the notice of the public through Dr. Schiffman only.

Office Hours: 10:00 a. m. to 12:30 p. m. Lady attendant to wait on Ladies and Children.

Sundays, 10:00 a. m. to 12:30 p. m. Lady attendant to wait on Ladies and Children.

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Telephone M. 1485.

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Cool Shirts...

I have a line of Summer Shirts that are as cool as an ice box.

All the latest styles, from a leading maker who sold me a big lot under price. New Golf styles, with soft fronts, in the finest of Zephyr Cloths—\$1.50 kinds at \$1.00

See Windows.

Siegel

Under Nadeau Hotel.

UNTIL CURED.

All private and sexual diseases of men and women, piles and rupture.

EXAMINE YOURS. If my question list for men is perfect, and you diagnose your own case at home. Write for this list and my book on men. All correspondence strictly confidential.

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Of the English and German Expert Specialists.

Private entrance, Consultation Room 412 Byrne Building. Free.

Magganetta

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Send for Prospectus.

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We are now pushing the development work. Regular weekly reports from the foreman will be on file at our office on and after Monday next for information of stockholders.

NOTICE.

The reduction sale. Suits, \$15, \$18 and \$20.

NICOLL, The Tailor,

134 S. Spring Street.

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Fortunes

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DR. JAEGER'S WOOL UNDERWEAR.

Full Line at DESMOND'S, No. 141 South Spring St.

DR. SOMERS

Treats successfully all female diseases, including fibroid tumors and painful menstruation. ELECTRICAL TREATMENT A SPECIALTY. 318 Quarter Bldg, 312 W. Third.

STRONG AGAIN.

New Life New Strength New Vigor. THE ANAPHRODISIC.

From PROF. DR. FICORD of Paris is the only remedy for restoring vitality, and guarantee, and will bring back your lost powers and stop forever the dangerous drains on your system. They act quickly, create a healthy digestion, pure, rich blood, firm muscles, rugged strength, steady nerves and clear brain. Imported direct from Paris. Price per box, directions enclosed. \$2.00. For sale by all respectable druggists. Mail orders from any person, send a receipt for attention. DR. V. C. FICORD, agent and manager for U.S.A., 400 Quincy Bldg., Chicago, Ill. For sale by Thomas Drug Co., cor. Spring and Temple.

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Until further notice, the undersigned will supply Photographers direct, giving same discount as heretofore given to stockholders.

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EVERY FORM OF WEAKNESS and

DISEASES OF MEN ONLY.

Enlarged, Swollen and Twisted Veins, usually on the left side, Piles and Rupture cured in one week. Any form of weakness cured in six weeks. Discharges and Blood taints a specialty.

To Show Our Good Faith.

We Never Ask for a Dollar Until Cure is Effected.

We mean this emphatically and it is for everybody. All correspondence, giving full information, cheerfully answered.

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Removable Upholstering. Rich designs and finish.

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GEORGE PEARSON & CO. Removal to 21 South Main St. with John Roberts will attend to all auction sales of Furniture, Groceries, Live Stock, Carriages, etc., and satisfaction guaranteed. ADVANCE NOTICE.

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BOY

A thoroughly active boy must be doing something; if he is not employed, he is in mischief. In our plan every hour of the day is provided for. We aim to keep him busy—study, recreation or drill—all the time.



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the well-known Catarrh Specialists, have removed to more elegant and commodious quarters at

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Blood, Skin, Kidneys, Venous, Weakness, Poisonous Discharges, etc. Quick Cures. Call or write

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Great Sale in my

old store, 104 N. Spring St., that are not to be removed to my new Store.

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